

New York, Oct. 21.—Silver, 67.78c; lead, \$7.00@7.10; spelter, \$10.00; copper, \$27.25@28.00.

WEATHER—Utah: Fair and Warm—er Tonight; Sunday Generally Fair.

German Armies Storm Russian Positions and Inflict Severe Losses

Notable headway is being made by the Serbians on the Macedonian front in their campaign for Monastir, according to the current reports from entente sources.

Paris today announces further gains against the Bulgarians in the bend of the Cerna southeast of Monastir where the Serbians have pushed well to the north of the river following their recent passage at Brod.

Unofficial advices also report the Serbians, assisted by French troops, attacking in the Kenali region to the west, along the Florina-Monastir railway.

Kenali is less than ten miles from Monastir. The Bulgarian position here is declared by the entente military commentators to be virtually outflanked by the Serbian capture of Velysio in the Cerna sector six miles northeast of Kenali.

The latest Bulgarian and German official statements reported the Serbians checked in their Cerna valley campaign.

On the Somme front in northern France, General Haig's forces are again scoring gains in their push towards Bapaume, London announces. A new British advance near Butte de Warlencourt, south of the Albert-Bapaume road is reported.

Russians Heavy Losses.
Berlin, Oct. 21.—Via London, 4:12 p. m.—Russian attempts to take trenches on the west bank of the river Stokhol, in Volhynia, were frustrated yesterday by troops under command of Prince Leopold of Bavaria with heavy losses to the attackers, says the official statement issued today at German army headquarters. On the river Narayuvka, in Galicia, the statement adds, the Germans captured Russian positions northwest of Skomorochy, taking 150 prisoners and seven machine guns.

3,000 Russians Captured.
Berlin, Oct. 21.—Via London, 4:15 p. m.—German troops have forced their way into several points of the main positions of the Russians and Rumanians south of Rachova, on the Danube in Dobruja. The troops of the central powers captured the Black sea town of Tuzla after stubborn fighting and stormed the heights northwest of Topral Sari and the heights northwest of Muliova. Some 3,000 Russians have been captured by the Teutonic and Bulgarian forces and 22 machine guns were taken. The foregoing was announced in the official statement issued today by the German army headquarters.

Heavy Fighting Continues.
Berlin, Oct. 21.—Via London, 4:10 p. m.—On the Somme battlefield heavy fighting continues, says the official statement given out today by the German army headquarters staff. English attacks on the Sars and Baccourt positions between Le Sars and Baccourt l'Abbaye failed, the announcement says.

Von Mackensen Loses.
Petrograd, Oct. 21.—Via London, 11:51 a. m.—An attack on the Russo-Rumanian lines in Dobruja by Field Marshal von Mackensen's forces yesterday resulted in the loss to the defenders of the village of Kokardja, the war office announced today. Later attacks on the entente lines in the same region were repulsed.

British Push Forward.
London, Oct. 21, 12:28 p. m.—The British on the Somme front have made additional headway in their push toward Bapaume along the main road from Albert, according to today's announcement by the war office, which records a gain of ground near Butte de Warlencourt.

The statement reads:
"During the night further progress was made in the neighborhood of Butte de Warlencourt. Three was intermittent shelling by the enemy on our front north and south of the Ancre."

"We successfully raided enemy trenches, south of Neuve Chapelle."

Repulse of Serbian Attacks.
Sofia, Oct. 20, via London, Oct. 21, 6:35 a. m.—The repulse of all Serbian attacks in the Cerna bend is claimed in the official statement issued by the war office today.

The statement says:
"Macedonian front: Desperate fighting continues in the Cerna bend, the Serbians displaying particular obstinacy in their efforts to advance, but we repulsed all attacks by our fire and counter attacks. Enemy attempts to advance toward Tarnova and the summit of Dobrouplje failed."

"At the foot of the Belaschitsa mountain we dispersed an enemy company which was trying to establish a trench on the railway north of Dova Tepe. On the Struma front the en-

emy bombarded inhabited places, including Sere."

Serbian Continue Progress.
Paris, Oct. 21, Noon.—The official account of operations on the Macedonian front issued here today says that the Serbian forces which crossed the Cerna river, thrusting back the Bulgarians and capturing several villages, are continuing the offensive movement and have made further progress.

Teutons Meet Repulse.
Petrograd, Oct. 21, Via London, 11:55 a. m.—The repulse of a Teutonic attack in the Narayuvka district southeast of Lemberg in Galicia is announced by the war office in today's official statement. In Volhynia only artillery engagements and outpost encounters are reported.

The statement reads:
"In the Ulmavsk and Alexandrovsk settlements, eight versts (about five miles) north of Kiselin (22 miles east of Vladimir-Volynski in Volhynia) an artillery battle is proceeding."

"In the region of Shelvov and west of Bubnov active reconnaissances have been conducted by our scouts."

"An enemy attack from the Barov farm near the Narayuvka (in Galicia southeast of Lemberg) two versts (about 1.4 miles) south of the village of Svislitski was repulsed."

"In the wooded Carpathians snow is falling and has reached in the ravines a depth as great as four feet eight inches."

"South of Dorna Watra (near the Rumanian border) the enemy attacked one of our advanced posts. Supported by 100 Cossacks the post repulsed and put the enemy to flight, capturing one machine gun, a trench cannon and a number of prisoners."

Russo-Rumanian Army Retreats.
Bucharest, Oct. 21, via London, 4:44 p. m.—The offensive being pressed by the central powers in Dobruja has forced the retirement of the Russo-Rumanian army in the center and on the left wing, the war office announced today. The statement reads:

"In Dobruja violent enemy attacks have forced us to withdraw on the center and left wing."

Paris, Oct. 21.—The official communication issued this afternoon regarding military operations in France, says:

"There was nothing of importance during the night to report."

"Aviation: Yesterday our chasing aeroplanes had numerous combats in which seven machines fell, three of them within our lines. These fell between Bouchavesnes and Rancourt. The four others dropped in the region of Molains and Brie. Lieutenant Hurtenaux, who brought down one of the machines, thus accounted for his tenth German aeroplane. Four other enemy machines which were badly hit after fights with our pilots were obliged to come down within their lines."

"Last night one of our squadrons succeeded in dropping 40 bombs on the stations at Noyon and Chauney and afterward dropped bombs on a train between Appilly and Chauney. On the same night 15 of our aeroplanes dropped 79 bombs in the region of Nesle, Ham and Matigny and Tiez."

HUGHES CLAIMS 300 ELECTORALS

New York, Oct. 20.—Charles E. Hughes came back to New York this afternoon from his third western tour with his managers claiming 300 electoral votes "sure for Hughes." He went immediately to his headquarters at the Astor hotel and began conferring with Republican leaders to put the finishing touches on the plans for the last lap of the campaign.

Although the candidate declared himself "feeling fit as a fiddle" to-night he went to Monclair, N. J., to rest up and prepare for a whirlwind finish of the campaign. He expects to stay there until Tuesday night, when he will return to New York. On Wednesday night he is scheduled to make an address in Brooklyn, and on Thursday morning he will make a quick dash into New England, speaking at Hartford, Providence and Boston, according to present plans.

Charles W. Farnum, manager of the Hughes campaign tour, issued a statement as soon as the Hughes special reached New York today, summing up conditions in all the states visited. He claimed 300 electoral votes certain for Hughes, 50 more "probable," and 50 more possible.

SHORTAGE OF COAL IS NOW FEARED

Salt Lake, Oct. 21.—That Salt Lake has prospects of facing one of the most severe coal shortages this winter it has experienced in years is the declaration of local coal dealers.

The occasion, they explain, is the lack of cars, which the railroad companies need to handle the output of the mines. The coal men state that at the present time the car shortage situation is so serious that practically

all of the mines of the state are working only three to four days a week, and some of them are not working more than two days a week. At this their output is more than can be handled by the railroads, it is said.

In addition the mines are running with about 60 per cent of the men that were employed a year ago because of the lack of cars to move the output and because in the early part of this year many miners went to other sections of the country, many going into the munitions factories and securing other employment that has held them.

C. S. Martin of the C. S. Martin Coal company stated last night that from the best figures he had been able to secure the mine operators are now about 200,000 tons behind in delivery of their orders in the territory supplied by the Utah mines.

"The situation in Salt Lake and Utah is not serious as yet," said Mr. Martin, "but should there come a severe cold spell, or should we have a long and severe winter, the situation in the city would become serious. At present we have enough coal to about meet the demand locally, but it is the territory outside of the state that is suffering now. This condition will come home to us here if there is a severe cold spell."

"The only way to guard against this is for local consumers to lay in their supplies for the winter now as rapidly as they can, so that they will have coal on hand and will not be caught by a shortage later."

"The coal men have been urging this right along and the consumers have been putting in their supplies in pretty good shape. But, as I said before, should we have a long and severe winter the city has the prospect of facing a most severe coal shortage."

WEATHER FORECAST FOR COMING WEEK

Washington, Oct. 21.—Weather predictions for the week beginning Sunday, issued by the weather bureau today, are:

"Rocky mountain and plateau regions: Moderately cool and generally fair except local rains or snows are probable in northern Rocky mountain region latter part of week."

BOOSTERS HAVE AN EVENING AT THE WEBER CLUB

Sixty-five reasons why Ogden is the most progressive city in the inter-mountain country held social communion last night at the Weber club. They were, as A. P. Bigelow aptly put it, the representative young members of the Weber club and, otherwise, the men who made Ogden's 1916 Harvest Festival and Fashion Show a far-reaching success.

The occasion was the long anticipated jollification meeting of the Fashion Show committees and after a tasty four-course banquet, set on tables decorated with bouquets of red roses and ferns, had been disposed of between toasts, an hour or more was passed in speech-making. John C. Culley, chairman of the entertainment committee, stated the purpose of the gathering in a brief address of welcome and introduced the toastmaster of the evening, President Albert Scowcroft of the Harvest Festival and Fashion Show association, as the "biggest little man in Utah."

While Mr. Culley's speech was being made, a souvenir of the occasion, a blank memorandum book bound in red leather and bearing the inscription, "What I know about Fashion Shows and reasons why I should be president," by Albert Scowcroft, was presented to each of the banqueters and, when opened, created much merriment. All of the speakers, however, declared that the Fashion Show president had been entirely too modest in preparing the book and that the blank pages in it would have been inadequate to hold the story had it been the work of a different author.

Mr. Scowcroft, after making humorous reference to the book, said that it takes a long time sometimes to put some things over, but that the time he spent in working to make the Ogden 1916 Fashion Show a success had been made pleasurable by association with the most loyal crowd of assistants he had ever known and by the knowledge that their work had attained the desired end. He then in-

troduced President W. H. Wattis of the Weber club, as "one who knows all about construction and can tell how to construct another Fashion Show."

Mr. Wattis' opening remarks were confined to a fine tribute to the men who had made the 1916 show the best ever held. President Scowcroft, he said, had gotten together a great body of workers and guided its efforts with splendid results. "There have been no complaints," he said, "and it is a fine thing for Ogden that it should go that way. It is an augury of bigger things for this community that will also be equally successful." Speaking further, President Wattis said that plans for the 1919 transportation exposition were starting out strong and that a committee had been appointed to take charge of the preliminary work. "We must have the same interest in this show that we have had in our Fashion Shows, and it will be equally successful," he said, "and we must also keep our annual Fashion Show going."

The other speakers, all of whom referred to President Scowcroft as the man in the right place in connection with the Fashion Show, and detailed different features of the show and its far-reaching benefits to Ogden, were A. P. Bigelow, R. E. Bristol, Rev. J. E. Carver, Miles L. Jones, Fred G. Taylor, Dr. Reinhold Kanzier, George M. Glen, F. M. Briggs, Arthur Kahn, J. H. Davis and James P. Casey. They also referred to the 1919 exposition and declared that it would bring Ogden into prominence throughout the world.

FRENCH SEIZE CHINESE GROUND

Peking, Oct. 21.—A square mile of territory adjoining the French concession at Tien Tsin has been forcibly seized by the French consul with the assistance of troops. The Chinese police were arrested and Frenchmen substituted for them. Replying to a protest from the Chinese foreign office, the French legation at Peking replied it assumed the responsibility for the action.

ITALIANS TAKE STRONG POINT

Rome, Oct. 21, via London, 6:05 p. m.—A strong Austrian position in the Boite valley in the Dolomites region has been captured by Italian Alpine troops at the point of the bayonet during a violent snowstorm, the war office announced today. Snow and fog have hindered operations in the Pasubio region, notwithstanding the Italians made some progress.

BERLIN HEARS OF ASSASSINATION

Berlin, Oct. 21, by wireless to Sayville.—Count Karl Stuerghk, Austrian premier, was shot and killed while at dinner by the editor of a Vienna newspaper named Adler, says the Overseas News Agency.

MUST KEEP THE MUFFLERS OPEN

That jail sentences or fines will be imposed upon drivers of motor vehicles who operate their machines on the streets of Ogden with the mufflers open was the decree handed down by Municipal Judge G. S. Barker at this morning's session of court. The decree was uttered at the conclusion of the case of the City vs. Charles Heywood of 2220 Ogden avenue, the defendant being found guilty of the offense mentioned and given a suspended sentence.

F. J. Martin, an old man, was found guilty of obtaining property under false pretenses and sentenced to serve 60 days in jail. He was arrested October 14 by Patrolman W. E. Moore.

AUSTRIAN PREMIER IS SHOT

Publisher of Vienna Newspaper Shoots Down Count Karl Stuerghk.

London, Oct. 21, 5 p. m.—The premier of Austria has been shot. Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent says the Austrian premier, Count Karl Stuerghk, was shot today by the publisher of a Vienna newspaper named Adler, according to a telegram received at Amsterdam from Berlin.

Count Stuerghk has been a prominent figure in Austrian political affairs for years. He was minister of public works in the cabinet formed in 1909 at the retirement of which in October, 1911, he was asked to form a new ministry. The count was born in 1859 at Graz, was educated at the University of Graz and entered the service of the state in 1881. He began his parliamentary career on March 2, 1891, when he was elected to the reichsrath. In 1894 he became a ministerial director in the department of which he afterwards became the head. In the interval he was out of office for a time, resigning after the fall of the Windisch-Graetz cabinet.

ENTENTE FEARS U-BOAT WAR

Berlin, Oct. 20, by wireless to Sayville.—"That the entente is fearful of the effect of German submarine operations is regarded by the German press as clearly proved by the continuous agitation on the part of the entente press in an effort to induce the taking of measures by the United States against German submarine warfare near American waters," says an Overseas News Agency announcement today.

"It is pointed by the German newspapers that submarine U-53 carried on cruiser warfare and operated more than forty miles from the coast of the United States, while British cruisers closely approached the coast at the three mile distance in seeking to destroy without warning a German commercial submarine that was sailing. The question asked by the press is: 'Is it the Germans or the British who make war before the gates of the United States?' The newspapers observe further that submarine activity is exclusively a German-American and not a British-American matter."

Paris Reviews Situation.

Paris, Oct. 19, 9 p. m.—The Journal Des Debats in a long leader on the Greek situation, calls attention to the press campaign against Venizelos in Spanish and other papers of Germanophile tendencies and regrets finding in the American press certain strictures concerning the action of the allies toward an "independent state."

"Our American conferees," says the paper, "have only to recall the history of their own country to dispel thought that the allies committed acts of violence contrary to the large principles of international relations. As Washington rebelled against the arbitrary procedure of Great Britain, in order that he might found a free state, so Venizelos went to Saloniki to create a new country. As France gave with enthusiasm its armed cooperation to Washington, so she may and ought to give it to Venizelos without infringing the great principles which inspire free peoples."

"This time, however, France and Great Britain are proceeding in accord for the same cause. We should be happy to see the United States of America faithful to the memory of their struggle for independence and recognizing with us that free Greece is found at this moment at Saloniki and no longer at Athens."

NOTICE OF ESTRAYS.

State of Utah, County of Weber, Ogden City, ss.

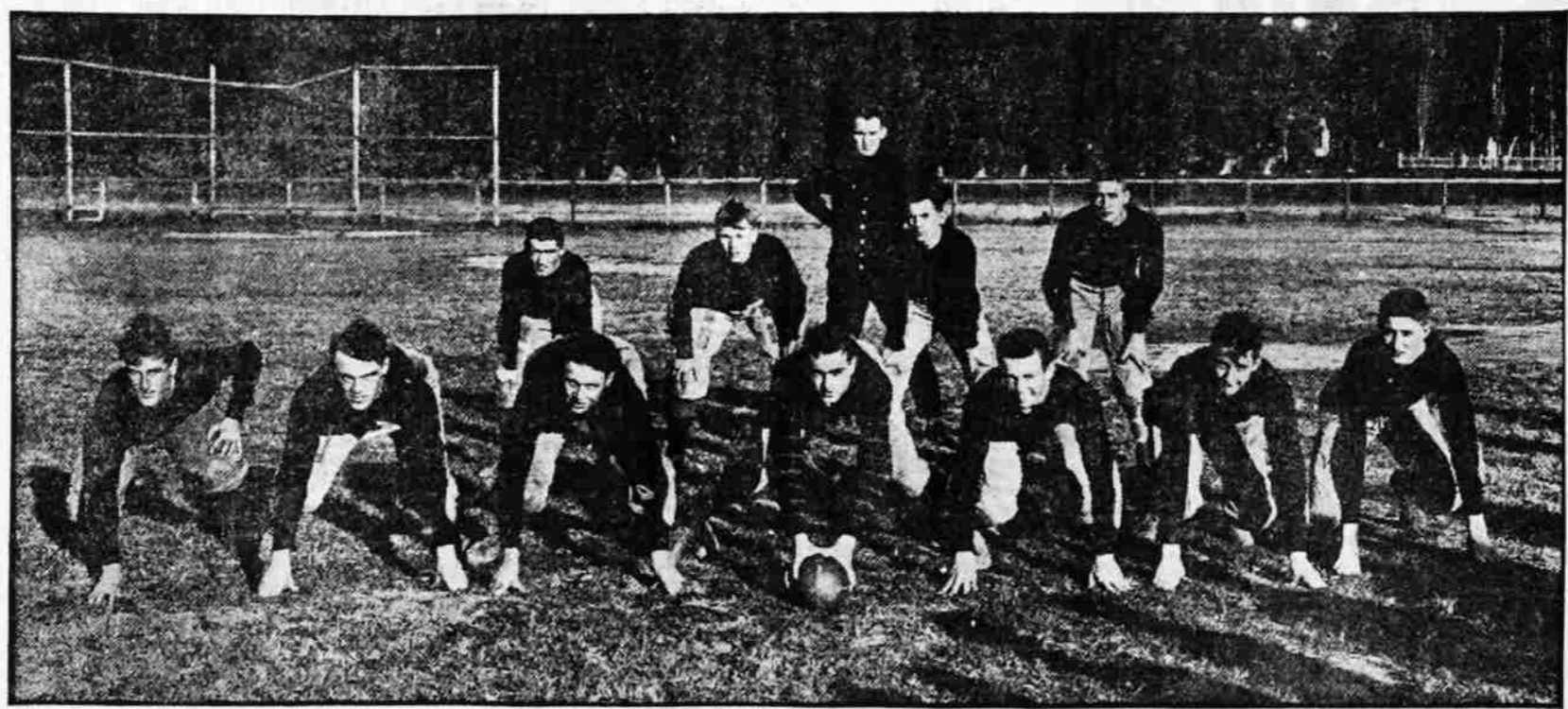
I have in my possession the following described stray animals, which if not claimed and taken away, will be sold to the highest cash bidder, at 1848 Washington avenue in Ogden City, Utah, on Monday the 30th day of October, 1916, at the hour of 1:30 p. m.:

One Light roan horse; scar on right front leg; white stripe on face; shoes on; weight about 1000 pounds; about 10 years old.

Said estrays were taken up by me in said City on the 16th day of October, 1916.

FRANK A. NAISBITT, Poundkeeper of Ogden City, Utah.

Ogden High School Defeats West Side of Salt Lake 25 to 3



Right End, Irwin; Right Tackle, Fox (Capt.); Right Guard, Rich; Center, Tripp substituting for Bagley; Left Guard, Richards; Left Tackle, M. Conroy substituting for Mohler; Left End, V. Conroy; Right Half, Dee; Full Back, Wilkinson; Left Half, Falck; Quarter Back, Glasmann.

Ogden high school 25, Salt Lake West Side high school 3.

So ended the football game played at Cummings' field in Salt Lake City yesterday and, for the first time since 1910, the Orange and Black waved triumphantly above the Red and Black. Revenge is sweet and the Ogden boys surely got it yesterday, as they outplayed their heavy Salt Lake opponents in every branch of the game and won the decisive victory for which the home people have been waiting and hoping for six long years. Not since the Ogden baseball team beat out the Salt Lake team for the championship of the Union association has the news of local success in an athletic competition been received with such widespread joy as the downfall of the ancient rivals of the "Orange and Black" color bearers.

The news was carried to the boosters' banquet at the Weber club last night by Dr. Reinhold Kanzier, and received as another convincing proof that Ogden spirit, persistence and ambition overcomes all obstacles. Dr. Kanzier urged that the boys be given the support of all local citizens in the games that are soon to be played in Ogden and his remarks were greeted with enthusiastic applause.

The game was late in getting started, due to an unduly long conference between the officials and coaches and the long wait had its effect on the Ogden team. It did not strike its gait until the opening of the second half. Outweighed nearly ten pounds to the man, the Ogden backfield players dashed through the Salt Lake line time after time, backed up by such interference as even the

remaining 80 yards for a touchdown. With the ball again in play, continuous line plunges by the Ogden backfield netted the team nearly 10 yards each time and the ball was soon within striking distance of the Panthers' goal. With no let-up of steam, the Tigers seized their advantage and Falck carried the ball over for the third touchdown. Falck kicked goal. Rapidly lining up again, the Orange and Black eleven duplicated their previous triumphal march down the field and this time Glasmann carried the ball over. Yet again the march was staged and Ogden scored a third touchdown on the 3-yard line. This was not allowed, however, as the officials decided that the play had started before the whistle had been blown to put the ball in action following the previous down. The decision lost Ogden six more points as the team was held for downs just before time was called.

To give special credit to any of the Ogden players would be an injustice to others, the consensus of opinion of those who saw the contest, being that Coach Raymond Shirey and his assistants have developed an all-star high school eleven that is going to win the state championship.

The lineup and summary of yesterday's game follows:

Ogden (25). W. S. H. S. (3)

Irwin.....re.....Cushing
Mohler.....rt.....Langford
Rich.....lt.....Loquist
Bagley.....e.....Burdette
Richards.....lg.....Hancock
Fox (Capt.).....rt.....Watson
Conroy.....lt.....Kauffman
Glasmann.....qb.....Passer

Falck.....lhb.....Stiefel (Capt.)
Dee.....rth.....Hatch
Wilkinson.....fb.....McGannay

Score by periods:

West High.....3 0 0 0—3
Ogden.....0 6 13—25

Officials: Referee—Blaser, Umpire—Kreiser, Head linesman—Aldridge, Timer—Grimmett.

West high scoring—Field goal—Stiefel.

Ogden scoring: Touchdowns—Glasmann, Falck, Wilkinson, Dee. Goal after touchdown—Glasmann.

West high substitutions—McGannay for Langford; McGannay for Kaufman; Hall for McGannay; Funk for McGannay; Peake for Stiefel; Stiefel for Passer.

Ogden substitutions—Tripp for Mohler; Mohler for Tripp; Falck for Glasmann; Glasmann for Falck; M. Conroy for V. Conroy and V. Conroy for M. Conroy.

Speaking this morning of yesterday's contest, Captain Fox of the Ogden eleven stated that the result was no surprise to him as he had a good line on the Panthers' and knew his team would bring back home the bacon. He also said he was confident of defeating the East Side Salt Lake high school eleven next Saturday, when the two teams meet at Glenwood, as the Orange and Black eleven now has unbounded confidence in its ability to defeat any high school team that Salt Lake can get together.

Monday will be a holiday at the high school, the program of the day will include a celebration in the school auditorium and a downtown parade. Monday evening, the boys that got the Red and Black goat from Salt Lake will attend a banquet at the Weber club on the Standard.